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## EU TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 2163-PPE-707

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by  
**Huizhou Hengda Innovation Communication Equipment Co., Ltd.**  
Building A, Wanli Industrial Co., Ltd., Dalongkeng, Ganpo, Zhenlong Town, Huiyang District,  
Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, China  
are tested and evaluated according to

**EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -  
Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles -  
Requirements, Testing, Marking**

Based on the type examination conducted with the evaluation of test reports, technical file  
according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 5, it is approved  
that the product meets the requirements of the regulation.

### Product Definition

**Brand Name:** KSA **Model:** MSH  
Filtering half mask  
**Classification:** FFP2 NR

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as  
shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to **Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9**.
- Ongoing successful performance in fulfilment of the requirements set out in **Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425** and harmonised standards, ensured by assessments based on **Annex 7 (Module C2) or Annex 8 (Module D)** of the regulation no later than 1 year from the beginning of serial production

This certificate is initially issued on **04/06/2020** and will be valid for 5 years, if there is no  
change in the relevant harmonised standard affecting the essential health and safety  
requirements.



Suat KACMAZ  
UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION  
Director

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**UNIVERSAL**  
CERTIFICATION

**NB 2163**

**CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE**

**Certificate No: 2163-PPE-707/01**

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by  
**Huizhou Hengda Innovation Communication Equipment Co., Ltd.**  
 Building A, Wanli Industrial Co., Ltd., Dalongkeng, Ganpo, Zhenlong Town,  
 Huiyang District, Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, China

Continues to fulfil the requirements of

**EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -  
 Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles -  
 Requirements, Testing, Marking**

Based on the evaluation of test reports and internal quality control audit reports according to EN 149+A1:2009 and Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex VII (Module C2). This certificate implies that the manufactured products show below are in conformance with the approved EU Type Examination model and meets the requirements of the regulation.

**Product Definition**

Model	Class	EU Type Examination Certificate		
		Serial No	Date	Issuing NB No
KSA / MSH	FFP2 NR	2163-PPE-707	04.06.2020	2163

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with:

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Taking all measures necessary so that the manufacturing process and its monitoring ensure the homogeneity of production and conformity of the manufactured PPE with the type described in the EU type examination certificate.

This certificate is issued on 21/06/2020 and will be valid for one year, until 20/06/2021 if the manufacturer makes no major change in the product designs and manufacturing processes affecting the product performance on the essential health and safety requirements.



2163



Suat KACMAZ  
UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION  
Director

Necip Fazıl Bulvarı Keyap Sitesi E2 Blok No:44/84 Yukarı Dudullu Ümraniye - İSTANBUL - TÜRKİYE T:+90 216 455 80 80

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### TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

**REPORT DATE / NO:** 04.06.2020 / 2163-KKD-708

**Manufacturer:** Huizhou Hengda Innovation Communication Equipment Co., Ltd.  
**Address:** Building A, Wanli Industrial Co., Ltd., Dalongkeng, Ganpo, Zhenlong Town, Huiyang District, Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, China

This report is for the, given above, manufacturer prepared according to the test results obtained from BEFITLAB Test Technology Shanghai Co., Ltd. accredited by IAS (International Accreditation Service), signatory to ILAC MRA, with number TL-787 for the product identified below, dated 21.05.2020 with Serial Id BT20051301624-1 based on EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standard. The sampling of the product is conducted under our supervision for testing from the manufacturing site of the client.

The technical file of the manufacturer, and risk evaluation against the essential health safety requirements and the test report evaluated for their relation with Essential Requirements of Personal Protective Equipment Regulation and found to be appropriate.

This report is an annex and an integral part of the EU Type Examination Certificate issued to the manufacturer. The test results and issued certificate belongs only to the tested model. The technical report consists of a total of 6 pages.

**Product Description:** Particle Filtering Half Mask

**Classification:** FFP2 NR

**Brand Name:** KSA **Model:** MSH



UFR-383 12.12.2018 Rev.01







### 2. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS COMMON TO SEVERAL CLASSES OR TYPES OF PPE

#### 2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become undone unintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

#### 2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimised.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact lenses.

#### 2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must, if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

#### 2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric, electrostatic or impact-induced arc or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

#### 2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include, in particular, data intended for competent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user.

Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

#### 2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes, such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

#### 2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must remain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeable useful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation; in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow all or part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

### 3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

#### 3.10.2. Protection against cutaneous and ocular contact

PPE intended to prevent the surface contact of all or part of the body with substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or with harmful biological agents must be capable of preventing the penetration or permeation of such substances and mixtures and agents through the protective integument under the foreseeable conditions of use for which the PPE is intended.

To this end, the constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure, as far as possible, complete leak-tightness, which will allow where necessary prolonged daily use or, failing this, limited leak-tightness necessitating a restriction of the period of wear.

Where, by virtue of their nature and the foreseeable conditions of their use, certain substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or harmful biological agents possess high penetrative power which limits the duration of the protection provided by the PPE in question, the latter must be subjected to standard tests with a view to their classification on the basis of their performance. PPE which is considered to be in conformity with the test specifications must bear a marking indicating, in particular, the names or, in the absence of the names, the codes of the substances used in the tests and the corresponding standard period of protection. The manufacturer's instructions must also contain, in particular, an explanation of the codes (if necessary), a detailed description of the standard tests and all appropriate information for the determination of the maximum permissible period of wear under the different foreseeable conditions of use.

UDR-383 (2.12.2018 Rev.01)



# Máscara FFP2



## Certificado CE



Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

Conforming to EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Standard Requirements

Article 5	<b>Classification:</b> Particle Filtering Half Mask <b>Total Inward Leakage:</b> Classification – FFP2																																						
Article 7.4	<b>Packing:</b> Particle filtering half masks are packaged to protect them from contamination before use and with cardboard boxes to prevent mechanical damage.																																						
Article 7.5	<b>Material:</b> Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature conditioning reports; It is understood withstand handling and wear over the period for which the particle filtering half mask is designed to be used suffered mechanical failure of the facepiece or straps, any material from the filter media released by the air flow through the filter has not constitute a hazard or nuisance for the wearer.																																						
Article 7.6	<b>Cleaning and Disinfection:</b> Particle filtering half mask is not designed to be as re-usable.																																						
Article 7.7	<p><b>Practical Performance :</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Assessed Elements</th> <th>Positive</th> <th>Negative</th> <th>Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 and Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.The face piece fitting</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> <td rowspan="6">Positive results are obtained from the performance tests related to the implementation under real conditions, applied with the compatibility with skin evaluation (7.10). <b>No imperfections</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.Head harness comfort</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.Security of fastenings</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.Speech clearness</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.Field of vision</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.Materials compatibility with skin</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Conditioning :</b> (A.R.) As Received, original</p>	Assessed Elements	Positive	Negative	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 and Result	1.The face piece fitting	10	0	Positive results are obtained from the performance tests related to the implementation under real conditions, applied with the compatibility with skin evaluation (7.10). <b>No imperfections</b>	2.Head harness comfort	10	0	3.Security of fastenings	10	0	4.Speech clearness	10	0	5.Field of vision	10	0	6.Materials compatibility with skin	10	0															
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Article 7.8	<b>Finish of Parts:</b> Particle filtering half masks, which are likely to come into contact with the user, do not have sharp edges and do not contain burrs.																																						
Article 7.9.1	<p><b>Total Inward Leakage:</b></p> <p>The Total Inward Leakage test is conducted by 10 individual in an aerosol chamber with a walking band, and samples are taken during the condution of the exercises defined in the standard. The samples used in the test are subjected to the conditioning required in the standard as Temperature conditioning and as received.</p> <p>It was reported that: The 50 out of 50 exercise measurement results are smaller or equal to 11% At least 8 of 10 individual's arithmetic mean is smaller or equal to 8%</p> <p>According to the reported results, the product meets the limits for FFP1 and FFP2 classification.</p>																																						
Article 7.9.2	<p><b>Penetration of filter material: Sodium Chloride Testing</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Condition</th> <th>No. of Sample</th> <th>Sodium Chloride Testing 95 L/min max (%)</th> <th>Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(A.R.)</td> <td>11</td> <td>2,51</td> <td rowspan="3">FFP1 ≤ 20 %</td> <td rowspan="9">Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 given in 7.9.2 in range of the FFP1, FFP2 classes.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(A.R.)</td> <td>12</td> <td>2,43</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(A.R.)</td> <td>13</td> <td>2,40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(S.W.)</td> <td>14</td> <td>2,55</td> <td rowspan="2">FFP2 ≤ 6 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(S.W.)</td> <td>15</td> <td>2,57</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(S.W.)</td> <td>16</td> <td>2,52</td> <td rowspan="3">FFP3 ≤ 1 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(M.S. T.C.)</td> <td>17</td> <td>2,62</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(M.S. T.C.)</td> <td>18</td> <td>2,58</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(M.S. T.C.)</td> <td>19</td> <td>2,65</td> <td></td> <td>95 L/min – 1,6 dm<sup>3</sup> an<sup>-1</sup></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Conditioning :</b> (M.S.) Mechanical Strength (T.C.) Temperature Conditioning (A.R.) As Received, original (S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment</p>	Condition	No. of Sample	Sodium Chloride Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result	(A.R.)	11	2,51	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 given in 7.9.2 in range of the FFP1, FFP2 classes.	(A.R.)	12	2,43	(A.R.)	13	2,40	(S.W.)	14	2,55	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	(S.W.)	15	2,57	(S.W.)	16	2,52	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	(M.S. T.C.)	17	2,62	(M.S. T.C.)	18	2,58	(M.S. T.C.)	19	2,65		95 L/min – 1,6 dm <sup>3</sup> an <sup>-1</sup>
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UFR-383 12.12.2018 Rev.01





Penetration of filter material: Paraffin Oil Testing					
Condition	No. of Sample	Paraffin Oil Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result	
(A.R.)	20	5,36	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 given in 7.9.2 in range of the FFP1, FFP2 classes.	
(A.R.)	21	5,40			
(A.R.)	22	5,39			
(S.W.)	23	5,43	FFP2 ≤ 6 %		
(S.W.)	24	5,34			
(S.W.)	25	5,52	FFP3 ≤ 1 %		
(M.S. T.C.)	26	5,59			
(M.S. T.C.)	27	5,60			
(M.S. T.C.)	28	5,58			

Conditioning : (M.S.) Mechanical Strength  
(T.C.) Temperature Conditioning  
(A.R.) As Received, original  
(S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment

Article 7.9.2

Article 7.10: **Compatibility with skin:** In Practical Performance report, the likelihood of mask materials in contact with the skin causing irritation or other adverse effect on health was not reported.

Article 7.11: **Flammability:**

Condition	No. of Sample	Visual inspection	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(A.R.)	29	No Burn	Filtering half mask shall not burn or not continue to burn for more than 3 s after removal from the flame	Passed
(A.R.)	30	No Burn		
(T.C.)	31	No Burn		
(T.C.)	32	Burn for 1 s	Filtering half masks fulfill requirements of the standard	

Conditioning : (A.R.) As Received, original  
(T.C.) Temperature Conditioning

Article 7.12: **Carbon dioxide content of the inhalation air:**

Condition	No. of Sample	CO <sub>2</sub> content of the inhalation air [%] by volume	An average CO <sub>2</sub> content of the inhalation air	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(A.R.)	33	0,3	0,3	CO <sub>2</sub> content of the inhalation air shall not exceed an average of 1,0% by volume	Passed
(A.R.)	34	0,3			
(A.R.)	35	0,2			

Conditioning : (A.R.) As Received, original

Article 7.13: **Head harness:** In Practical Performance report, No adverse effects have been reported for holding the mask of the head harness firmly in position, for total inward leakage properties.



Article 7.14: **Field of vision:** In Practical Performance report, no adverse effects were reported for the field of vision features.

Article 7.16: **Breathing Resistance: Inhalation**  
The overall evaluation in the figures gathered for 12 different samples 3 as received, 3 with temperature conditioning, 3 simulated wearing treatment and 3 flow conditioned complies with the limits given in the standard for FFP1, FFP2 and FFP3 classes. This is valid for inhalation results for 50 L/min, 95 L/min and exhalation at 160 L/min.

**Passed.**



Article 7.17.2	<b>Clogging:</b> This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable. <i>(For single shift use devices, the clogging test is optional test. For reusable devices test is mandatory.)</i>
Article 7.17.3	<b>Penetration of filter material:</b> This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable.
Article 7.18	<b>Demountable Parts:</b> There are no demountable parts on the product.
Article 9	<b>Marking – Packaging:</b> Necessary markings are available on the product and its packaging.
Article 10	<b>Information to be supplied by the manufacturer:</b> In each of the smallest commercially available packaging of the product, implementation (installation instruction) pre-use controls, warning and usage limitations, storage and meanings of symbols / pictograms are defined.

PREPARED BY	APPROVED BY
<b>Osman CAMCI</b> PPE Expert 	 <b>Suat KAÇMAZ</b> Director